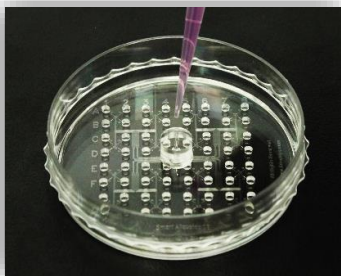
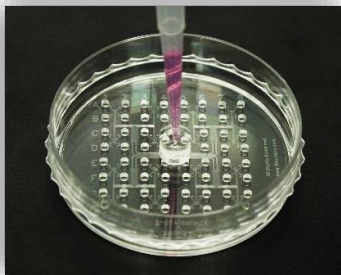


# Full Protocol of SACE for Single-Cell Cloning



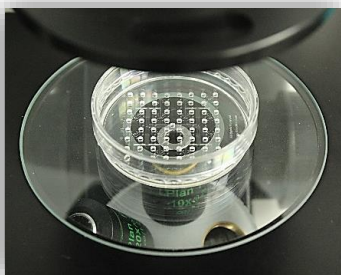
## Step 1: Cell Suspension Preparation

1. Harvest adherent cells and make them into cell suspension.
2. Transfer 2  $\mu$ l of cell suspension to a Petri Dish.
3. Identify the cell suspension and roughly estimate cell numbers under the microscope.
4. The ideal number of cells is 30-50. If too much/little, dilute/enrich it to match the number.
5. Add 200  $\mu$ L of medium to the cell suspension and pipette cells to be fully suspended.
6. Aspirate the 200  $\mu$ l of cell suspension into pipette tip.



## Step 2: Single-Cell Isolation

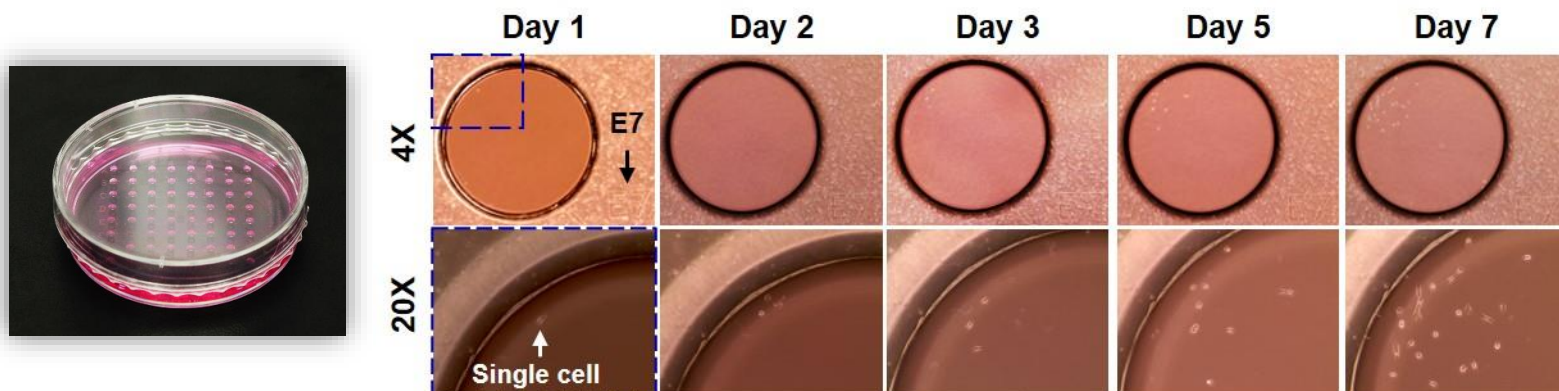
1. Vertically insert pipette tip into the Inlet Adaptor.
2. Press pipette plunger down (200  $\mu$ L +P) to aliquot cell suspension into the 64 Outlet Wells.
3. After aliquoting, hold the device and tilt the pipette tip to remove the Inlet Adaptor, without releasing plunger button.



## Step 3: Single-Cell Identification

1. Put the SACE under microscope with 10x objective (bright field or fluorescence).
2. Identify and note all Outlet Wells containing only single cells.

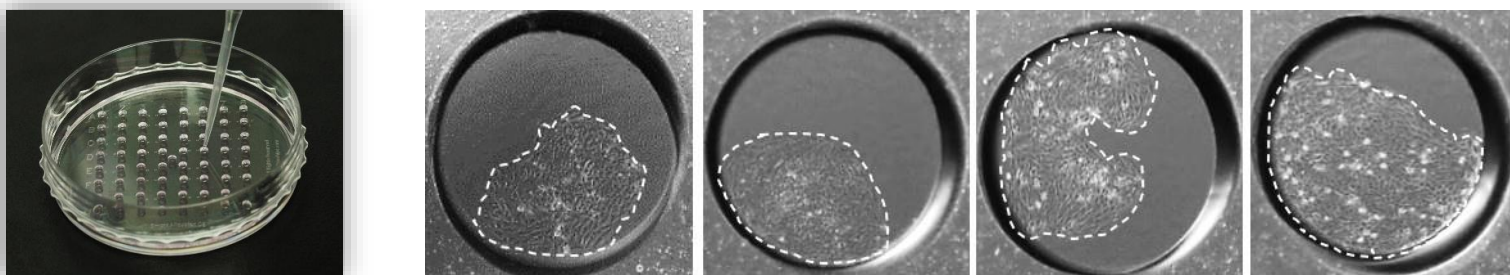
# Full Protocol of SACE for Single-Cell Cloning



## Step 4: Single-Cell Cloning

1. Add 5 mL of cell culture medium into the SACE.
2. Culture the isolated single cells for ~2 weeks to generate clonal cells.

Four clonal cells indicated by white dotted line



## Step 5: Clonal Cells Harvesting

1. Remove cell culture medium from the SACE.
2. Wash residual medium 2-3 times by PBS and then remove PBS from the SACE.
3. Carefully remove PBS from the Outlet Wells containing desired clonal cells.
4. Add about 2  $\mu$ l of trypsin into the Outlet Wells containing desired clonal cells.
5. Put the SACE into the cell culture hood for 3-5 minutes to dissociate adherent cells from the bottom.
6. Use pipette to harvest the clonal cells from the Outlet Wells of SACE.